NYSCEF DOC. NO. 1

RECEIVED NYSCEF: 07/29/2020

SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK COUNTY OF NEW YORK

ARK350 DOE,	Index No.
Plaintiff, v.	SUMMONS
ARCHDIOCESE OF NEW YORK; INCARNATION; and DOES 1-5 whose identities are unknown to Plaintiff,	Date Index No. Purchased: July 29, 2020
Defendants.	

TO THE ABOVE NAMED DEFENDANTS:

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE THAT YOU ARE HEREBY SUMMONED to answer the Complaint, a copy of which is hereby served upon you, and to serve a copy of your Answer to the Complaint upon the undersigned attorneys listed below within twenty (20) days after the service of this Summons, exclusive of the day of service (or within thirty (30) days after the service is complete if this Summons is not personally delivered to you within the State of New York); and in the case of your failure to appear or answer, judgment by default will be taken against you for the relief demanded herein.

The basis of venue is the principal place of business of Defendant Archdiocese of New York, which is 1011 First Avenue, New York, NY 10022.

CAUTION: THIS DOCUMENT HAS NOT YET BEEN REVIEWED BY THE COUNTY CLERK. (See below.)

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Dated: July 29, 2020

New York, New York

/s/ Jeffrey R. Anderson

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INDEX NO. UNASSIGNED

SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK COUNTY OF NEW YORK

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Plaintiff,

v.

ARCHDIOCESE OF NEW YORK; INCARNATION; and DOES 1-5 whose identities are unknown to Plaintiff,

Defendants.

Index No.	

COMPLAINT AND DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL

Plaintiff, by and through Plaintiff's attorneys, states and alleges as follows:

PARTIES

A. Plaintiff

- 1. At all times material, Plaintiff resided in the State of New York.
- 2. An Order to Show Cause is filed concurrently herewith if all Defendants have not consented to Plaintiff's use of a pseudonym.
- 3. At all times material, Plaintiff was a minor under 18 years of age when the sexual abuse occurred.
- 4. This action is brought pursuant to the New York Child Victims Act, CPLR § 214-g. The conduct at issue constituted sexual offense against a minor in violation of a section within Article 130 and/or § 263.05 of the New York Penal Law, or a predecessor statute that prohibited such conduct at the time of the act, and resulted in physical, psychological, and emotional injuries. As a civil cause of action was previously time-barred prior to August 14, 2019, the terms of the Child Victims Act, CPLR § 214-g, revive the claims set forth below.

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> B. **Defendants**

5. Whenever reference is made to any Defendant entity, such reference includes that

entity, its parent companies, subsidiaries, affiliates, predecessors, and successors. In addition,

whenever reference is made to any act, deed, or transaction of any entity, the allegation means that

the entity engaged in the act, deed, or transaction by or through its officers, directors, agents,

employees, or representatives while they were actively engaged in the management, direction,

control, or transaction of the entity's business or affairs.

At all times material, Defendant Archdiocese of New York ("Archdiocese") was 6.

and continues to be an organization or entity which includes, but is not limited to, civil

corporations, decision making entities, officials, and employees, authorized to conduct business

and conducting business in the State of New York with its principal place of business at 1011 First

Avenue, New York, NY 10022.

7. The Archdiocese was created in approximately 1850. Later, the Archdiocese

created a corporation called the Archdiocese of New York to conduct some of its affairs. The

Archdiocese operates its affairs as both a corporate entity and as the organization known as the

Archdiocese of New York. Both of these entities and all other affiliated corporations and entities

controlled by the Archbishop are included in this Complaint as the "Archdiocese." The

Archdiocese functions as a business by engaging in numerous revenue producing activities and

soliciting money from its members in exchange for its services.

8. The Archdiocese has several programs that seek out the participation of children

including, but not limited to, schools and other educational programs. The Archdiocese, through

its officials, has complete control over those activities and programs involving children. The

Archdiocese has the power to appoint, train, supervise, monitor, remove, and terminate each and

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every person working with children within the Archdiocese.

9. At all times material, Defendant Incarnation was and continues to be an

organization authorized to conduct business and conducting business in the State of New York,

with its principal place of business at 1290 Saint Nicholas Ave., New York, NY 10033. Incarnation

includes, but is not limited to, Incarnation and any other organizations and/or entities operating

under the same or similar name with the same or similar principal place of business.

10. At all times material, Defendant Incarnation was and continues to be under the

direct authority, control, and province of Defendant Archdiocese and the Archbishop of Defendant

Archdiocese. Defendant Incarnation includes any school affiliated with Incarnation. At all times

material, Incarnation School was under the direct authority, control, and province of Defendant

Archdiocese and the Archbishop of Defendant Archdiocese. At all times material, Defendants

Incarnation and Archdiocese owned, operated, managed, maintained, and controlled Incarnation

School.

11. Defendants Does 1 through 5 are unknown agents whose identities will be provided

when they become known pursuant to CPLR § 1024.

JURISDICTION

12. This Court has jurisdiction pursuant to CPLR § 301 as Defendants' principal places

of business are in New York and because the unlawful conduct complained of herein occurred in

New York.

13. Venue is proper pursuant to CPLR § 503 in that New York County is the principal

place of business of Defendant Archdiocese. In addition, many of the events giving rise to this

action occurred in New York County.

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This is a copy of a pleading filed electronically pursuant to New York State court rules (22 NYCRR §202.5-b(d)(3)(i)) hich, at the time of its printout from the court system's electronic website, had not yet been reviewed and proved by the County Clerk. Because court rules (22 NYCRR §202.5[d]) authorize the County Clerk to reject filings for various reasons, readers should be aware that documents bearing this legend may not have been accepted for filing by the County Clerk.

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FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS

14. At all times material, Monsignor John N. Paddack ("Msgr. Paddack") was a Roman

Catholic cleric employed by the Archdiocese and Incarnation. Msgr. Paddack remained under the

direct supervision, employ, and control of Defendants.

15. Defendants placed Msgr. Paddack in positions where he had access to and worked

with children as an integral part of his work.

16. Plaintiff was raised in a devout Roman Catholic family and attended Incarnation in

New York, in the Archdiocese. Plaintiff and Plaintiff's family came in contact with Msgr. Paddack

as an agent and representative of Defendants, and at Incarnation.

17. Plaintiff participated in youth activities and/or church activities at Incarnation.

Plaintiff, therefore, developed great admiration, trust, reverence, and respect for the Roman

Catholic Church, including Defendants and their agents, including Msgr. Paddack. During and

through these activities, Plaintiff, as a minor and vulnerable child, was dependent on Defendants

and Msgr. Paddack. Defendants had custody of Plaintiff and accepted the entrustment of Plaintiff

and, therefore, had responsibility for Plaintiff and authority over Plaintiff.

18. From approximately 1995 to 1997, when Plaintiff was approximately 13 to 14 years

old, Msgr. Paddack engaged in unpermitted sexual contact with Plaintiff in violation of at least

one section of New York Penal Law Article 130 and/or § 263.05, or a predecessor statute that

prohibited such conduct at the time of the abuse.

19. Plaintiff's relationship to Defendants and Msgr. Paddack, as a vulnerable child,

parishioner, student, and participant in church activities, was one in which Plaintiff was subject to

the ongoing influence of Defendants and Msgr. Paddack.

20. The culture of the Catholic Church over Plaintiff created pressure on Plaintiff not

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to report the abuse Plaintiff suffered.

COUNT I: NEGLIGENCE

21. Plaintiff incorporates all consistent paragraphs of this Complaint as if fully set forth

under this count.

22.

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Each Defendant owed Plaintiff a duty of reasonable care to protect the Plaintiff

from injury.

23. Each Defendant owed Plaintiff a duty of care because each Defendant had a special

relationship with Plaintiff.

24. Defendants also had a duty arising from the special relationship that existed with

Plaintiff, Plaintiff's parents, and other parents of young, innocent, vulnerable children to properly

train and supervise its clerics. This special relationship arose because of the high degree of

vulnerability of the children entrusted to their care. As a result of this high degree of vulnerability

and risk of sexual abuse inherent in such a special relationship, Defendants had a duty to establish

measures of protection not necessary for persons who are older and better able to safeguard

themselves.

accepted for filing by the County Clerk.

25. Each Defendant owed Plaintiff a duty to protect Plaintiff from harm because each

Defendant also had a special relationship with Msgr. Paddack.

26. Each Defendant owed Plaintiff a duty to control the conduct of Msgr. Paddack

because each Defendant had complete ability to control Msgr. Paddack's access to children like

Plaintiff to prevent the foreseeable harms associated with childhood sexual abuse, giving rise to a

special relationship with Msgr. Paddack and a duty to control Msgr. Paddack's conduct.

27. Defendants owed Plaintiff a duty of reasonable care because they solicited youth

and parents for participation in their youth programs; encouraged youth and parents to have the

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youth participate in their programs; undertook custody of minor children, including Plaintiff;

promoted their facilities and programs as being safe for children; held their agents, including Msgr.

Paddack, out as safe to work with children; encouraged parents and children to spend time with

their agents; and/or encouraged their agents, including Msgr. Paddack, to spend time with, interact

with, and recruit children.

28. By accepting custody of the minor Plaintiff, Defendants established an in loco

parentis relationship with Plaintiff and in so doing, owed Plaintiff a duty to protect Plaintiff from

injury. Further, Defendants entered into a fiduciary relationship with Plaintiff by undertaking the

custody, supervision of, and/or care of the minor Plaintiff. As a result of Plaintiff being a minor,

and by Defendants undertaking the care and guidance of the Plaintiff, Defendants also held a

position of empowerment over Plaintiff. Further, Defendants, by holding themselves out as being

able to provide a safe environment for children, solicited and/or accepted this position of

empowerment. Defendants, through its employees, exploited this power over Plaintiff and,

thereby, put the minor Plaintiff at risk for sexual abuse.

29. By establishing and/or operating the Archdiocese and Incarnation, accepting the

minor Plaintiff as a participant in their programs, holding their facilities and programs out to be a

safe environment for Plaintiff, accepting custody of the minor Plaintiff in loco parentis, and by

establishing a fiduciary relationship with Plaintiff, Defendants entered into an express and/or

implied duty to properly supervise Plaintiff and provide a reasonably safe environment for

children, who participated in their programs. Defendants owed Plaintiff a duty to properly

supervise Plaintiff to prevent harm from foreseeable dangers. Defendants had the duty to exercise

the same degree of care over minors under their control as a reasonably prudent person would have

exercised under similar circumstances.

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30. By establishing and operating the Archdiocese and Incarnation, which offered educational programs to children and which may have included a school, and by accepting the enrollment and participation of the minor Plaintiff as a participant in those educational programs, Defendants owed Plaintiff a duty to properly supervise Plaintiff to prevent harm from generally

31. Each Defendant owed Plaintiff a duty to protect Plaintiff from harm because Defendants invited Plaintiff onto their property and Msgr. Paddack posed a dangerous condition

on Defendants' property.

foreseeable dangers.

32. Each Defendant breached its duties to Plaintiff. Defendants failed to use ordinary care in determining whether their facilities were safe and/or determining whether they had sufficient information to represent their facilities as safe. Defendants' breach of their duties include, but are not limited to: failure to protect Plaintiff from a known danger, failure to have sufficient policies and procedures in place to prevent child sex abuse, failure to properly implement policies and procedures to prevent child sex abuse, failure to take reasonable measures to ensure that policies and procedures to prevent child sex abuse were working, failure to adequately inform families and children of the risks of child sex abuse, failure to investigate risks of child molestation, failure to properly train the employees at institutions and programs within Defendants' geographical confines, failure to train the minors within Defendants' geographical confines about the dangers of sexual abuse by clergy, failure to have any outside agency test their safety procedures, failure to protect the children in their programs from child sex abuse, failure to adhere to the applicable standard of care for child safety, failure to investigate the amount and type of information necessary to represent the institutions, programs, leaders and people as safe, failure to train their employees properly to identify signs of child molestation by fellow employees, failure

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by relying upon mental health professionals, and/or failure by relying on people who claimed that

they could treat child molesters.

33. Defendants also breached their duty to Plaintiff by failing to warn Plaintiff and

Plaintiff's family of the risk that Msgr. Paddack posed and the risks of child sexual abuse in

Catholic institutions. They also failed to warn them about any of the knowledge that Defendants

had about child sexual abuse.

34. Defendants breached their duties to Plaintiff by failing to use reasonable care.

Defendants' failures include, but are not limited to, failing to properly supervise Msgr. Paddack,

failing to properly supervise Plaintiff, and failing to protect Plaintiff from a known danger.

35. Defendants additionally violated a legal duty by failing to report known and/or

suspected abuse of children by Msgr. Paddack and/or its other agents to the police and law

enforcement.

36. Defendants knew or should have known that Msgr. Paddack was a danger to

children before Msgr. Paddack sexually assaulted Plaintiff.

37. Prior to the sexual abuse of Plaintiff, Defendants learned or should have learned

that Msgr. Paddack was not fit to work with children. Defendants, by and through their agents,

servants and/or employees, became aware, or should have become aware of Msgr. Paddack's

propensity to commit sexual abuse and of the risk to Plaintiff's safety. At the very least,

Defendants knew or should have known that they did not have sufficient information about

whether or not their leaders and people working at Incarnation and other Catholic institutions

within the Archdiocese of New York were safe.

38. Defendants knew or should have known that there was a risk of child sex abuse for

children participating in Catholic programs and activities within the Archdiocese. At the very least,

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Defendants knew or should have known that they did not have sufficient information about

whether or not there was a risk of child sex abuse for children participating in Catholic programs

and activities within the Archdiocese.

39. Defendants knew or should have known that Defendants had numerous agents who

had sexually molested children. Defendants knew or should have known that child molesters have

a high rate of recidivism. They knew or should have known that there was a specific danger of

child sex abuse for children participating in their youth programs.

40. However, despite this knowledge, Defendants negligently deemed that Msgr.

Paddack was fit to work with children; and/or that any previous suitability problems Msgr.

Paddack had were fixed and cured; and/or that Msgr. Paddack would not sexually molest children;

and/or that Msgr. Paddack would not injure children.

41. Defendants' actions created a foreseeable risk of harm to Plaintiff. As a vulnerable

child participating in the programs and activities Defendants offered to minors, Plaintiff was a

foreseeable victim. Additionally, as a vulnerable child who Msgr. Paddack had access to through

Defendants' facilities and programs, Plaintiff was a foreseeable victim.

42. As a direct result of the foregoing, Plaintiff sustained physical, emotional, and

psychological injuries, along with pain and suffering.

COUNT II: NEGLIGENT TRAINING AND SUPERVISION OF EMPLOYEES

43. Plaintiff incorporates all consistent paragraphs of this Complaint as if fully set forth

under this count.

accepted for filing by the County Clerk.

44. At all times material, Msgr. Paddack was employed by Defendants and was under

each Defendant's direct supervision, employ, and control when he committed the wrongful acts

alleged herein. Msgr. Paddack engaged in the wrongful conduct while acting in the course and

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> scope of his employment with Defendants and/or accomplished the sexual abuse by virtue of his job-created authority.

> 45. Defendants had a duty, arising from their employment of Msgr. Paddack, to ensure

that he did not sexually molest children.

46. Further, Defendants owed a duty to train and educate employees and administrators

and establish adequate and effective policies and procedures calculated to detect, prevent, and

address inappropriate behavior and conduct between clerics and children.

The abuse complained of herein occurred on Defendants' property and/or with the 47.

use of their chattels.

48. Defendants breached their duties to Plaintiff by actively maintaining and employing

Msgr. Paddack in a position of power and authority through which Msgr. Paddack had access to

children, including Plaintiff, and power and control over children, including Plaintiff.

49. Defendants were negligent in the training, supervision, and instruction of their

employees. Defendants failed to timely and properly educate, train, supervise, and/or monitor their

agents or employees with regard to policies and procedures that should be followed when sexual

abuse of a child is suspected or observed. Defendants were additionally negligent in failing to

supervise, monitor, chaperone, and/or investigate Msgr. Paddack and/or in failing to create,

institute, and/or enforce rules, policies, procedures, and/or regulations to prevent Msgr. Paddack's

sexual abuse of Plaintiff. In failing to properly supervise Msgr. Paddack, and in failing to establish

such training procedures for employees and administrators, Defendants failed to exercise the

degree of care that a reasonably prudent person would have exercised under similar circumstances.

50. As a direct result of the foregoing, Plaintiff sustained physical, emotional, and

psychological injuries, along with pain and suffering.

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COUNT III: NEGLIGENT RETENTION OF EMPLOYEES

Plaintiff incorporates all consistent paragraphs of this Complaint as if fully set forth 51.

under this count.

52. At all times material, Msgr. Paddack was employed by Defendants and was under

each Defendant's direct supervision, employ, and control when he committed the wrongful acts

alleged herein.

53. Defendants negligently retained Msgr. Paddack with knowledge of Msgr.

Paddack's propensity for the type of behavior which resulted in Plaintiff's injuries in this action.

Defendants failed to investigate Msgr. Paddack's past and/or current history of sexual abuse and,

through the exercise of reasonable diligence, should have known of Msgr. Paddack's propensity

for child sexual abuse. Defendants should have made an appropriate investigation of Msgr.

Paddack and failed to do so. An appropriate investigation would have revealed the unsuitability of

Msgr. Paddack for continued employment and it was unreasonable for Defendants to retain Msgr.

Paddack in light of the information they knew or should have known.

54. Defendants negligently retained Msgr. Paddack in a position where he had access

to children and could foreseeably cause harm which Plaintiff would not have been subjected to

had Defendants taken reasonable care.

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55. In failing to timely remove Msgr. Paddack from working with children or terminate

the employment of Msgr. Paddack, Defendants failed to exercise the degree of care that a

reasonably prudent person would have exercised under similar circumstances.

56. As a direct result of the foregoing, Plaintiff sustained physical, emotional, and

psychological injuries, along with pain and suffering.

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PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, based on the foregoing causes of action, Plaintiff prays for judgment

against Defendants in an amount that will fully and fairly compensate Plaintiff for Plaintiff's

injuries and damages and for any other relief the Court deems appropriate. The amount of damages

sought in this Complaint exceeds the jurisdictional limits of all lower courts which would

otherwise have jurisdiction.

JURY DEMAND

Plaintiff demands a trial by jury of all issues so triable. Pursuant to §4 of the New York

Child Victims Act, Plaintiff is entitled to a trial preference.

Dated: July 29, 2020

New York, New York

/s/ Jeffrey R. Anderson

Jeffrey R. Anderson

Trusha Goffe

Nahid A. Shaikh

JEFF ANDERSON & ASSOCIATES, P.A.

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